

INDIVIDUAL HISTORY

MESSERSCHMITT Me262A-2a W/NR.112372/VK893/AM51/8482M  
MUSEUM ACCESSION NUMBER 85/AF/69

- March 1945      Assembly date at Leipheim; The left hand upper ecu panel bears the date 18 December 1944 and the inspector's stamp 'Kontrolle 257'
- 23    Mar    45      Test-flown at Memmingen (Bavaria) by Uffz.Sepp Gerstmayr between 16.29 and 16.36.
- 24    Mar    45      Flown by Ofw. Otto Kaiser between 09.52 and 10.13 , again at Memmingen.
- Delivered to Jagdgeschwader (JG) 7 'Nowotny' as one of 89 new Me 262s delivered to JG7 that month.

**HISTORICAL BACKGROUND/EARLIER SUGGESTED IDENTITIES**

- 08    May    45      Correspondence from R. C. Gosling at one point suggested that during the afternoon this aircraft and four other ME 262s of 1./JG7 flew from Zatec, Czechoslovakia to Fassberg, northern Germany to surrender to British forces-one of two or three Me262 sorties made that day. On the way they strafed Russian armoured columns and shot down a Russian P39 Airacobra. Pilot for this 11<sup>th</sup> hour sortie was Uffz. Engler of JG3. (However, Peczkowski in his Messerschmitt Me 262A Schwalbe, 2002, states that it was captured by UK troops on 6 May at Lubeca)
- 08    May    45      Several Me 262 aircraft surrendered at Fassberg, including 'Yellow 7' of 1/JG7. The RAF found at least six Me262s at Fassberg from JG7 and KG51. As the German military situation deteriorated by mid April 1./JG7 had some 40 Me262s on strength, down to 26 by 30<sup>h</sup> April. Aircraft from JG7 and KG51 later formed an ad hoc composite unit, 'Gefechtsverband Hogeback'. Taken over briefly by No.616 Squadron, the RAF's first operational jet squadron, flying Meteor aircraft.
- 29    May    45      Two aircraft flown to Lubeck, No.616 Squadron's base at this time, one by the squadron's Commanding Officer, Wg Cdr E E (Warren) Schrader, DFC. Of these, 1./JG.7 aircraft 110800/Yellow 7 on landing at Lubeck with the nose-wheel unable to be lowered, was seriously damaged, and probably scrapped in situ. Photo: War Prizes (027726) p.140. 500210/Yellow 17 of 3./JG.7 was the second aircraft.
- 1     Jun    45      112372 flown by Flt. Lt. Arend to Twenthe, Holland
- 23    Jun    45      One aircraft-possibly 112372- ferried from Kastrup, Denmark, to RAE Farnborough by Sqn Ldr Moloney and initially used for an engineering

assessment of the type by RAE Structures and Mechanical Engineering Flight. German insignia painted over with black paint. (Peczowski p.96)

Some doubt remains about the actual exact identity of the RAF Museum aircraft, 112372. The British acquired at least seven A-series aircraft. Russ Snadden originally believed 112372 was actually Yellow 17 ex 3/JG7, as discussed in his May 1997 article in *Aeroplane Monthly*.

See also ME262 file letter from former 616 Squadron pilot Clive Gosling dated 19 Sep 1998 which generally supports this view, though his letter of 7 Oct 98 on file accepts that 112732 is the Cosford aircraft but mentions the Eric Brown believes it has the wings of 262 w/nr. 500200.

## **NEW ID**

Further research, and discovery of a new photograph, by Russ Snadden in 2003 however provided a new source and identity for the RAFM aircraft. He summarises the evidence in 'Stormbird Revealed' *Aeroplane*, March 2004 pp.44-45. The photo, reproduced in the article, came from Canada and was taken at Twenthe, and shows 112372 undergoing maintenance in a hangar at Twenthe, with roughly applied British roundels, and w/nr 112372 visible on the fin and the (red/blue) rear fuselage bands of JG7 and a shield-born '2' forward of the windshield. Snadden suggests it could therefore be from Gruppe III. /EJG 2. For colour profile in this condition, see *Jagdgeschwader 7 'Nowotny'* (Forsyth) p.59, with photo in this condition undergoing engine testing at Farnborough or Brize Norton on p.121.

There is further discussion in 'Messerschmitt Me 262 – The Production Log 1941-1945,' by Dan O'Connell, suggesting 112372 may be the abandoned jet in which Lt. Czypioka of NJG 11 had two new engines installed at Lubeck and flew to Schleswig shortly before its surrender, and placed in a line-up at Schleswig – photo O'Connell p.149 as 'Red 2' applied over the former JG 7 crest, and retaining the red/blue JG 7 fuselage band.

29 Jun 45 Flown from Farnborough to Brize Norton by Squadron Leader Tony Martindale.

At Brize Norton, 112372 was flown by Bell Test Pilot Jack Woolams.

27 Jul 45 Transferred to RAE Aerodynamics Flight.

6 Sep 45 First test flight at RAE, Farnborough.

Sep 45 Allotted RAF serial number VK893 by 19 Sep.

Further test flights 19 & 27 Sep, 11 & 16 Oct, 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, 19, 27 & 29 Nov 45 (last recorded flight) totalling 8 hours 15 minutes flying time - mostly by Sqd Ldr A F Martindale, also Flt Lt Foster and Flt Lt R A Marks. Photo with Air Min Number AM51 - Captive Luftwaffe (009336) p.116. Also *Aeroplane* June 2003 p.75, dated October 29<sup>th</sup> 1945 (sic). Flight Book at the PRO records most of these as 'Performance and Handling' Flights of between 15 minutes and one

hours' duration.

- 1947 At RAF College Cranwells' Station Museum by this date. The Museum was established at Cranwell North in September 1946. Photo: Control Column May 68 p.8.
- 1960 Cranwell Museum closed and collection dispersed. At Bicester by March 61 for refurbishment by No.71 MU until this time still carried VK893 serial. See Air Britain Digest Jun 61 p.67. E-mail from Mr. L.Garey November 2009 recalls seeing the aircraft at Bicester in March 1961, still with Luftwaffe markings visible and RAF serial just visible on top of them, the markings being removed by April 1961 prior to repainting. Photos following refurbishment - Airfix Magazine Nov 61 p.248 and Air Pictorial Nov 61 p.364. Given mottled grey camouflage scheme and markings of III/JG7.
- Late 1961 Moved to RAF Gaydon, Warwickshire. Photos: Captive Luftwaffe (009336) p.117 and Airfix Magazine Dec 66 p.128 (as displayed at Gaydons' Sep 66 Battle of Britain Open Day); Also Flight International 11 Oct 1962 p.618.
- 1968 Stripped and repainted at Gaydon under the supervision of Russ Snadden, (who later restored Bf109 'Black Six') in preparation for Gaydon's Battle of Britain display that September. In the absence of any proof of original scheme, painted in markings of 110800 'Yellow 7' of JG7.
- 14 Sep 68 Repainted aircraft displayed at Gaydon. Photo - Aeroplane Monthly May 1997 p.64.
- 20 Sep 69 Again displayed at Gaydon's Battle of Britain Airshow; by this date had serial 112372 applied.
- c.1972 To RAF Finningley, Yorkshire upon closure of RAF Gaydon. Lacked all instruments at this time (file letter 15 Aug 74). Repainted as 'Red X' of KG51 - originally Air Min 81, in error. Colour photo at this time - Flypast November 2002 p.58. B/W photo, Finningley 1975 - Lost Aviation Collections of Britain (Ellis) p.75.
- Nov 75-May 76 Displayed outside at RAF Museum Hendon for 'Wings of the Eagle' display. Photos: War Prizes (027726) p.155; Aviation News 22 Aug-4 Sep 86 p.32; Control Column Jan 76 p.6; Aeroplane Museums Guide 2002 p.67; Aeroplane June 2003 p.77. Photo en route by road to Hendon - RAF News week ending Nov 22 1975 p.20.
- 16 Feb 76 Allocated RAF maintenance serial 8482M
- 1976 To RAF Cosford to join the regional collection there.
- Dec 85 To the Regional Collection at RAF St Athan. Stripped to bare metal and repainted 1987.

- 23 Feb 1989            Returned to Cosford following closure of St Athan collection. Still displayed at Cosford as one of eleven surviving Me262s (including 2 Czech aircraft assembled post-war) from 1433 built. Photos at Cosford - Aeroplane Monthly May 1997 p.64; Flypast November 2002 p.66; aeroplane March 2004 p.45; War Prizes – The Album p.114.
- 2003                     Following further research outlined above, given minor refurbishment and repaint into markings of ‘Yellow 4’ at Cosford prior to moving to RAFM Hendon for display in ‘Milestones of Flight’ building. Photos – Flypast July 2003 p.15; Aviation News July 2003 p.536; Airfield Review July 2003 p.57; Wingspan International No 17 p.12-13.
- 14 Jul 03                By road to RAFM Hendon for installation in new Milestones of Flight building. Displayed as ‘Yellow 4’ with Red 2 crest. Photos – Flypast October 2003 p.10; Aeroplane October 2003 p.5; Wingspan International 20 p.64. On display- Aeroplane March 2004 p.44; Flypast August 2006 p.31; Wrecks and Relics 20<sup>th</sup> Edition; Flying M Spring 2009 pp.9/10.

**Other original surviving Me262s;**

110305	Me262B-1a/U1	South African National War Museum, Johannesburg
110639	Me262B-1a	National Museum of Naval Aviation, Florida
500071	Me262A-1b	Deutsches Museum, Munich, Germany
500200	Me262A-2a	Australian War Memorial, Canberra
500491	Me262A-1a	National Air and Space Museum, Washington DC
500453	Me262A-1a/U3	Vulcan Warbirds USA – under rebuild to fly as N94503
501232	Me262A-1a	National Museum of the USAF, Dayton, Ohio

Plus a further example (Me262A-1a) made from recovered/crashed and new parts for the Luftwaffen Museum, Berlin.

Plus two post-war Avia Me 262 copies at Kbely Aviation Museum in Prague in the Czech Republic from a total of twelve built and flown from 1946 to 1951-one S-92 single –seat and one CS-92 two-seat variant.

Plus a number of US-built flying reproductions with General Electric engines.

Major sections of a further Me 262, were excavated in Holland in 2014, including a complete outer wing, engine parts and undercarriage legs; shot down by German AAA fire 12.09.1944: Me 262A-2a, thought to be W.Nr.130026, 3./KG 51 with StammeKennzeichen ,coded 9K+AL. See <http://www.warbirdsnews.com/warbirds-news/remnants-me-262-excavated-netherlands.html>

**TEXT - ANDREW SIMPSON**

